# SABDEN PRIMARY SCHOOL



WHOLE SCHOOL ATTENDANCE POLICY

**Introduction**

Sabden Primary is a successful school and your child plays their part in making it so. We aim for an environment which enables and encourages all members of the community to reach out for excellence. For our children to gain the greatest benefit from their education it is vital that they attend regularly and your child should be at school, on time, every day the school is open unless the reason for the absence is unavoidable.

It is very important therefore that you make sure that your child attends regularly and this policy sets out how together we will achieve this.

**Why Regular Attendance is Important**

Any absence affects the pattern of a child’s schooling and regular absence will seriously affect their learning. Any pupil’s absence disrupts teaching routines so may affect the learning of others in the same class.

Ensuring your child’s regular attendance at school is your legal responsibility and permitting absence from school without a good reason creates an offence in law and may result in prosecution.

**Promoting Regular Attendance**

Helping to create a pattern of regular attendance is everybody’s responsibility - parents, pupils and all members of school staff.

To help us all to focus on this we will:

* Promote a culture across the school which identifies the importance of regular and punctual attendance through assemblies and PSHE
* Report to you termly on how your child is performing in school, what their attendance and punctuality rate is and how this relates to their attainment
* Celebrate good attendance by highlighting individual and class achievements
* Carry out transition work with pupils moving between nursery and reception, and before leaving for high school
* Further develop positive and consistent communication between home and school
* Make attendance and punctuality a priority for everyone associated with school, including parents, pupils, staff and governors
* Set targets to improve individual pupil and whole-school attendance

**Understanding Types of Absence**

Every half-day absence from school has to be classified by the school as either AUTHORISED or UNAUTHORISED. This is why information about the cause of any absence is always required.

Authorised absences are mornings or afternoons away from school for a good reason like illness, medical/dental appointments which unavoidably fall in school time, emergencies or other unavoidable cause.

Unauthorised absences are those which the school does not consider reasonable and for which no 'leave' has been given. This type of absence can lead to the local authority using sanctions and/or legal proceedings. This includes:

* Parents/carers keeping children off school unnecessarily
* Illness which is not severe and can be managed with calpol etc
* truancy before or during the school day
* absences which have never been properly explained
* children who arrive at school after the register has closed
* shopping, looking after other children or birthdays
* day trips and holidays in term time which have not been agreed
* days that exceed the amount of leave agreed by the Headteacher

Parents should be aware that the decision whether to authorise an absence or not rests with the school. Hence, if there is any ambiguity relating to an absence, school may request further evidence from parents before an absence is authorised. This may be in the form of a prescription, appointment card or similar.

Whilst any child may be off school because they are ill, sometimes they can be reluctant to attend school. Any problems with regular attendance are best sorted out between the school, the parents and the child. If your child is reluctant to attend school it is better to speak to school to resolve the issue, rather than trying to cover up their absence, or give in to pressure to let them stay at home. This gives the impression that attendance does not matter and usually make things worse.

### Persistent Absenteeism (PA)

From September 2015 a pupil becomes a ‘persistent absentee’ when they miss 10% or more of their schooling across the school year **for whatever reason**. Absence at this level is doing considerable damage to any child’s educational prospects and we need parents' fullest support and co-operation to tackle this.

We monitor all absence thoroughly, therefore any pupil whose attendance indicates they are likely to reach the PA threshold will be prioritised and parents will be informed of this promptly.

PA pupils are tracked and monitored carefully through our pastoral system and we also combine this with academic mentoring where absence affects attainment.

PA pupils and their parents will be subject to an action plan and the plan may include: allocation of additional support through a mentor, use of circle time, individual incentive programmes, parenting contracts and participation in group activities around raising attendance. Due to the serious nature of persistent absence, school will always consider requesting support from the local authority attendance team in order to address the matter. School may/will also consider requesting that the local authority issue penalty notices, or use other sanctions, as a means of improving attendance.

**Absence Procedures**

If your child is absent you must:

* Contact us by 9am on the first day of absence, either by phone or you can call into school and report to reception. You also need to keep school updated daily about your child’s absence.

**If your child is absent and you have not contacted us, we will:**

* Telephone you on the first day of absence if we have not heard from you
* Invite you in to discuss the situation with our attendance lead and/or head teacher if absences persist or are of concern
* Consider using parenting contracts or panel meetings in order to identify barriers to regular attendance and agree targets for improvement
* Refer the matter to the local authority school attendance team, where appropriate
* Consider requesting that the local authority issue penalty notices or use other legal sanctions, as appropriate, in order to improve attendance

Telephone Numbers

There are times when we need to contact parents about lots of things, including absence, so we need to have your contact numbers at all times. Please help us to help you and your child by making sure we always have an up to date number – if we don’t then something important may be missed. There will be regular checks on telephone numbers throughout the year.

**School Strategies to Improve Attendance / Punctuality (see Appendix)**

Parents are expected to contact school at an early stage and to work with us in resolving any problems together. This is nearly always successful. School may consider using the following strategies to help support parents in improving their child's attendance and/or punctuality.

* Meetings in school between parents, pupils, pastoral staff and the head teacher
* Home visits
* Use of parenting contracts
* Use of the common assessment framework (CAF) and/ or referral to outside agencies (including the local authority school attendance team)
* Use of attendance panels
* Use of penalty notices

**The Local Authority School Attendance Team**

If difficulties cannot be sorted out using in-school strategies, the school may refer the child to the Pupil Attendance Support Team (PAST). They will also try to resolve the situation by agreement but, if other ways of trying to improve the child’s attendance fails, and unauthorised absences persist, the case may be referred to the School Attendance Legal Team, who can use sanctions such as penalty notices or prosecutions in the magistrates' court. Full details of the options open to enforce attendance at school are available from the school or the local authority.

**Use of Legal Measures:**

Sabden Primary School defines irregular attendance in line with the thresholds set out for the use of penalty notices within the Local Authorities Code of Conduct.

If other ways of trying to improve the attendance of an individual pupil fail, and we consider attendance to be irregular, where absences are unauthorised the case may be referred to the School Attendance Legal Team, who can use sanctions such as penalty notices or prosecutions in the magistrates' court.

Full details of the options open to enforce attendance at school are available from the school or the local authority.

**Lateness**

Poor punctuality is not acceptable. If your child misses the start of the day they can miss work and do not spend time with their class teacher getting vital information and news for the day. Late arriving pupils also disrupt lessons, which can be embarrassing for the child and can in turn, encourage absence. Being 10 minutes late every day throughout the academic year is the same as missing two weeks of school.

How we manage lateness:

The school day starts at **8.55am** and we expect your child to be in class at that time learning. The afternoon session starts at **1.00pm** and again, prompt attendance is expected.

Registers are marked by **9.00am/1.05pm** and your child will receive a late mark if they are not in by that time.

At **9.25am/1.30pm** the registers will be closed. In accordance with regulation, if your child arrives after that time they will receive a mark that shows them to be on site, but this will **not** count as a present mark and it will mean they have an unauthorised absence. This may mean that you could face the possibility of a penalty notice if the problem persists.

If your child has a persistent late record you will be asked to meet with the head teacher and/or a member of the pastoral support team to resolve the problem, but you can approach us at any time if you are having problems getting your child to school on time.

**Leave in Term Time**

Taking a child out of school in term time will affect their schooling as much as any other absence and we expect parents to help us by not taking children away in school time.

Remember that any savings you think you may make by taking a holiday in school time are offset by the cost to your child’s education.

There is **no** automatic entitlement in law to take leave during school time.

All applications for leave must be made, in advance, by the parent of residence using the 'Request for leave of absence' form, available from the school office. Requests will only be authorised if the circumstances surrounding the request are considered, by the school, to be **exceptional**.

It is important that parents understand that leave in term time will **not** be agreed by us at any time unless circumstances surrounding the request can be evidenced, by parents, to be exceptional.

In considering the request we will also look at various factors such as:

* The timing of the request:   
    
  When a pupil is just starting the school, absences should be avoided as this is a very important transition period as your child needs to settle into their new environment as quickly as possible.

Pupils should not be absent where possible both immediately before and during assessment periods.

* When a pupil’s attendance record already includes any level of unauthorised absence.
* Where a pupil’s attendance rate is already a cause for concern, or could become concerning, as a result of taking leave.
* Other periods of leave which the pupil may have had, either during the current or previous academic year

Any period of leave taken without the agreement of the school, or in excess of that agreed, will be classed as unauthorised and may attract sanctions such as a penalty notice.

In certain circumstances, parents risk losing their child's place on the school roll if the pupil does not return to school on the agreed return date and readmission cannot be guaranteed.

*The specific circumstances which outline when a pupil can be removed from roll are laid out in Regulation 8 (1) (f) (i-iii) of The Education (Pupil Registration) (England) Regulations 2006, as amended.*

**Religious Absence**

The school will authorise one day of absence per religious festival, e.g. Eid, (i.e. the day set aside by the religious body of which the parent is a member) and this will be marked as 'R' in the register.    
Parents must request any additional leave in advance and this can only be authorised if it is felt that exceptional circumstances apply (this would be marked in the register as 'C').

**Alternative Provision**

There are a range of reasons why pupils might be required to access educational provision at a venue other than their main school. The main reasons are listed below:

* Pupils who have been excluded, either for a fixed period of more than 5 days or permanently,
* When a pupil is unable to access provision at their main school for medical reasons
* When a pupil is required to attend another venue for the purpose of improving behaviour; either on a temporary basis or with a view to making a permanent move to the alternative provision (managed move)

When a pupil is required to attend alternative provision, the governors of the main school must issue a written 'direction' informing all parents of the alternative provision which their child is required to attend.

**Pupils who are unable to attend school for medical reasons**

The introduction of new statutory guidance on 1st September 2014 places much more emphasis on the role of governing bodies in ensuring that pupils with medical conditions are able to fully access education in the same way as other pupils. A key element of this responsibility is reducing the amount of time missed by these pupils; whether their condition is short or long term. The school will work with parents and other relevant professionals to minimise absence for reasons of ill health. This may be as a result of specific practices or resources used within school or by sourcing more appropriate provision at another establishment. When education is to be provided at an alternative location, this will always be done via the use of a direction (please see the relevant section of this policy).

**Roles and Responsibilities for ensuring good attendance**

**Parents:**

* Ensure children attend regularly and punctually
* Do not keep children off for minor medical issues
* Contact school on 1st day of absence
* Avoid any leave in term time, but apply in advance using form if the reason for leave is exceptional
* Attendance at meetings in school
* Participation in parenting contracts and common assessment framework, and cooperate in support and interventions offered by school or other agencies

**Pupils:**

* Acknowledge behaviour needed out of school, e.g. early bedtime
* Attend school/registration punctually
* Speak to parents/teacher if issues arise that may have an effect on school attendance
* Cooperate and participate in interventions and support offered by school or other agencies

**Headteacher** / (**School Attendance Lead):**

* Take the lead in ensuring attendance has a high profile within the school
* Ensure there are designated staff with day-to-day responsibility for attendance matters
* Ensure adequate, protected time is allocated to discharge these responsibilities
* Take overall responsibility for ensuring the school confirms to all statutory requirements in respect of attendance
* Consider each request for leave against the school's criteria, decide whether some or all of the leave will be authorised and notify parents of this decision
* Where there is ambiguity regarding an absence, make the decision whether or not to authorise an absence or to request further evidence to support the decision making process

**Designated Staff:**

* First day response: Contact parents if a reason for absence has not been provided and log this information accordingly
* Input and update the attendance registers
* Regularly identify and monitor pupil, class and whole school attendance and punctuality levels, particularly that of vulnerable groups
* Regularly communicate pupil attendance and punctuality levels to parents
* Work with children and parents to remove barriers to regular and punctual attendance, following Absence Flowcharts 1, 2 and 3 (see appendix), and using parenting contracts where appropriate

**All School Staff:**

* Provide a welcoming atmosphere for children and provide a safe learning environment
* Ensure an appropriate and responsive curriculum
* Provide a sympathetic response to any pupils' concerns
* To be aware of factors that can contribute to non-attendance
* To see pupils' attendance as the responsibility of **all** school staff
* Participate in training regarding school systems and procedures

**Governors**

* Ensure compliance with The Education (Pupil Registration) (England) Regulations 2006, as amended
* Adopt the whole-school policy and review regularly
* Monitor the consistent implementation of the attendance policy
* Set aspirational targets for improving the school's attendance figures
* Authorise the head teacher (or other designated person) to consider and make decisions regarding leave of absence requests
* Work with the head teacher in establishing criteria against which leave requests will be considered. This is important to ensure the process is equitable and consistent

**School Targets, projects and special initiatives**

The school has targets to improve attendance and your child has an important part to play in meeting these targets.

The minimum level of attendance for this school is **97%** attendance and we will keep you updated regularly about progress to this level and how your child’s attendance compares.

Our target is to achieve better than this however because we know that good attendance is the key to successful schooling and we believe our pupils can be amongst the best in the area.

Through the school year we monitor absences and punctuality to show us where improvements need to be made. Information on any projects or initiatives that will focus on these areas will be provided in newsletters and we ask for your full support.

**Summary**

The school has a legal duty to publish its absence figures to parents and to promote attendance. Equally, parents have a duty to make sure that their children attend.

All school staff are committed to working with parents and pupils, as this is the best way to ensure as high a level of attendance as possible.

**Date of Policy:** March 2018

**Reviewed:** March 2020

**Next review date:** March 2022 (or sooner if appropriate)

**FLOWCHART 1: PRIMARY SCHOOL pathways FOR ATTENDANCE ISSUES – DAYS 1-10**

School to telephone parent (and additional contacts if needed) to establish reason for absence

Telephone call from parent to explain absence

No

**Day 1 of absence**

Yes

Reason obtained?

Record Absence in register and expected date of return

Yes

No

If child is subject to CP plan or Looked After, contact allocated Social worker. Or, if there are any known concerns that may require urgent intervention, see footnote 1.

Has the pupil returned?

**Side Note 1**

No

Yes

**Day 2 of absence**

Repeat Day 1 procedure

Has parent sent a note giving a satisfactory explanation for the absence?

Yes

No

Yes

Has the pupil returned?

Yes

No

Contact parents to obtain/challenge reason. Record and monitor future attendance.

Record reason and monitor future attendance

Repeat Day 1 procedure. If no contact, send absence letter to parents. Retain copy or letter or record electronically.

**Day 3 of absence**

Has the pupil returned?

No

Yes

**Day 4 of absence**

Record absence in register and expected date of return

Yes

Telephone call required from parent to explain continued absence and expected date of return

No

Has the pupil returned?

Yes

No

Yes

**Day 5 of absence**

Further absence letter sent to parent. If child is known to CSC, contact Social Worker. (Record actions/store electronically)

Has the pupil returned?

No

Yes

**Proceed to Flowchart 2**

Continue to use school level support where appropriate (letters, telephone, liaise with family) to try to resolve issue. Seek further advice/support (from SAC) or support from external services if required e.g. PAST/CME/CAPSS etc.

**Days 6-10 of absence**

**If at any point there are concerns about the safety or welfare of the pupil, follow safeguarding procedures immediately.**

1In some instances, more urgent notification to the local authority may be appropriate if contact with parents/carers is problematic e.g.

* Children Looked After – schools should notify the CLA Service Manager
* Children subject to a Child Protection plan – schools should notify the named social worker
* Children in situations of known domestic violence – schools should consider whether safeguarding/child protection procedures should be followed.
* Advice can be sought from the School Attendance Consultant at any time if this is required.

**FLOWCHART 2: PRIMARY SCHOOL pathways FOR ATTENDANCE ISSUES**

First day contact system in place

(for safeguarding reasons as well as attendance monitoring)

SEE FLOWCHART 1 for EARLY IN-SCHOOL INTERVENTION

**Parents not contactable – go to Flowchart 3**

Low level attendance issue identified by school

*(no prescribed level of absence)*

**Parents not engaging  
 – go to Flowchart 3: School Escalation 1**

**School Action 1:**

Contact with parents and pupil as per tiers of intervention set out in the School Attendance Policy

(e.g. letters, phone calls and in-school meetings)

***Has attendance improved?***

Monitor future attendance

Yes

No

No

Flowchart 1: 10 days continuous absence

**School Action 2:**

* Consider school based range of strategies (e.g. Parenting Contract, Attendance Panel) and agree appropriate target and timescale for review. *(Where appropriate, request advice from SAC or support from PAST)*
* Review all information & consider need for CAF process (see Lancashire Continuum of Need) including discussion with parents.

***Has attendance improved?***

**Parents not engaging  
 – go to Flowchart 3: School Escalation 1**

No

Yes

Monitor future attendance

No

Yes

**School Action 3:**

Within two to four weeks, hold an in-school target review meeting to monitor progress and decide upon the next intervention.

***Has attendance improved?***

No

Refer to PAST

(via PAST1 form)

Continue with in-school support

Undertake CAF process

Three cycles of intervention

(Approximately)

**Parents not engaging  
 – go to Flowchart 3: School Escalation 3**

School call a TAC meeting and parents attend

Action plan agreed and

review progress against targets every four weeks or sooner if necessary.

Original concern addressed. Continue with in-school support if appropriate.

**Legal Intervention – go to Prosecution flowchart**

Yes

Criteria/needs/targets met

No

*After third cycle of intervention*

*(or earlier if appropriate)*

No

**FLOWCHART 3: PRIMARY SCHOOL pathways FOR ATTENDANCE ISSUES**

**HARD TO ENGAGE PARENTS**

Yes

Is the response satisfactory?

**School Escalation 1:**

School contact home e.g.

*Try phone*

*Try letter same day*

*Try additional letters if needed*

Any existing known concerns that might require urgent intervention?

Pupil absent from school: does parent contact school to explain?

Duty to notify local authority of 10+ days unauthorised absence

No

Yes

See footnote1

**School Escalation 3:**

Request intervention from PAST due to lack of parental engagement (via PAST1 form).

Inform parents of referral.

Does attendance improve?

**CAF referral and/or request for prosecution**

**School Escalation 2:**

Invite parents in for meeting

Parent(s) engage

Parent(s) do not attend or reject support offered by school via CAF process

**Monitor future attendance**

**Go to Flowchart 2 School Action 1**

**Go to Flowchart 2 School Action 2**

If school have to contact home on 3 separate occasions, consider further action

Yes

No

No

Yes

No

Yes

**School monitor future attendance**